

Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6	
Pupils should be taught to:  use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and	Pupils should be taught to:  use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer studied  use the eight points of a compass, four and six the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build the world	r mapping to locate countries and describe features -figure grid references, symbols and key (including ir knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider present the human and physical features in the	
use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key  use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment			



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		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	
		Gather information	Gather information	Gather information	
		Use basic observational skills	Ask geographical questions	Select appropriate methods for data collection such	
		Carry out a small survey of the local area/school	fieldwork  Record findings from fieldtrips  Use a database to present findings  Use a database to present findings	as interviews,	
		Draw simple features		Use a database to interrogate/amend information collected,	
		Ask and respond to basic geographical questions		Use graphs to display data collected	
ź		Ask a familiar person prepared questions		Evaluate the quality of evidence collected and	
Fieldwork		Use a pro-forma to collect data e.g. tally survey	Use appropriate terminology	suggest improvements	
ielc					
Geographical Skills and F		Sketching	Draw an annotated sketch from observation including descriptive / explanatory labels and indicating direction  Audio/Visual Select views to photograph Add titles and labels giving date and location information	Sketching	
	<u>     </u>	Create plans and raw simple features in their familiar environment		Evaluate their sketch against set criteria and improve it	
		Add labels onto a sketch map, map or photograph of features		Use sketches as evidence in an investigation. select field sketching from a variety of techniques	
apk				Annotate sketches to describe and explain	
ogr		<u>Audio/Visual</u>		geographical processes and patterns	
Ge		Recognise a photo or a video as a record of what has been seen or heard		<u>Audio/Visual</u>	
		Use a camera in the field to help to record what is seen	Consider how photo's provide useful evidence use a camera independently	Make a judgement about the best angle or viewpoint when taking an image or completing a	
			Locate position of a photo on a map	sketch	
				Use photographic evidence in their investigations	
				Evaluate the usefulness of the images	



		Year 1/2		Year 3/4		Year 5/6	
		For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:	For instance:
		<u>Using maps</u>	<u>Using maps</u>	<u>Using maps</u>	<u>Using maps</u>	<u>Using maps</u>	<u>Using maps</u>
Geographical Skills and Fieldwork continued	Skills	Using maps Use a simple picture map to move around the school Use relative vocabulary such as bigger, smaller, like, dislike Use directional language such as near and far, up and down, left and right, forwards and backwards  Map knowledge Use world maps to identify the UK in its position in the world.  Use maps to locate the four countries and capital cities of UK and its surrounding					Using maps  Follow a short route on a OS map  Describe the features shown on an OS map  Use atlases to find out data about other places  Use 8 figure compass and 6 figure grid reference accurately  Use lines of longitude and latitude on maps  Map knowledge  Locate the world's countries on a variety of maps, including the areas studied throughout the Key Stages  Making maps  Draw plans of increasing complexity  Begin to use and recognise atlas symbols
		Making maps  Draw basic maps, including appropriate symbols and pictures to represent places or features  Use photographs and maps to identify features		Name & locate the counties and cities of the UK  Making maps  Try to make a map of a short route experiences, with features in current order  Create a simple scale drawing  Use standard symbols, and understand the importance of a key		Identify the position and significance of lines of longitude & latitude  Making maps  Draw a variety of thematic maps based on their own data  Draw a sketch map using symbols and a key,  Use and recognise OS map symbols regularly	



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	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:			
Locational Knowledge	<ul> <li>name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans</li> <li>name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities</li> <li>name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their</li> </ul>			
ational K	United Kingdom and its surrounding seas	identifying human and physical characteristics,	identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects		
Loc		• identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/ Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)			
9	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:			
Place	understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and a contrasting non-European country		ences through the study of human and physical a region in a European country, and a region within		
	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:			
	identify seasonal and daily weather patterns	describe and understand key aspects of:			
hysical	in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles	physical geography, including: climate zones, to volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cyc	_		
an and Phy	use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:	human geography, including: types of settleme links, and the distribution of natural resources i	ent and land use, economic activity including trade including energy, food, minerals and water		
Human and Physical	key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather				
	key human features, inc. city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour, shop				